

OVERHEAD EXPENSE OF THE COTTON ASSOCIATION

That members of the Arkansas Cotton Growers Cooperative Association may have some information as to the operating expense, I desire to state that from the best information obtainable at this time the overhead expense of the Association will be less than \$1.00 per bale for the first years operation which is from July 1922 to July 1923. This overhead expense includes salaries for sixty employees, office rent, telephone and telegraph, light, heat, stamps, stationery, etc. To some this at first blush might seem somewhat exorbitant but to those who are familiar with the enormity of the job and the volume of business to be handled it is well in line with other organizations of like kind. Our expenses will not be as great as some other state cotton associations, yet the members of these associations are well pleased with the past years operations. In order to make this matter clear we have made our estimate on 200,000 bales to be handled by the Association this season and at 20 cents per pound or \$100 per bale, this will amount to a \$20,000,000 business and when you consider a concern doing this amount of business we feel the overhead expense is small compared with other business concerns doing anything like the same amount of business.

The first obstacle we had to bump up against was from some of the cotton speculators who sent word out all down the line that the Association would not succeed for the reason that the average cotton raisers were not really big business men and would therefore act "penny wise and pound foolish", in that they would not get competent men to run the Association on strictly business methods, that they would get a lot of two by four officials at the head of it, men whom the business world would not have confidence in their ability and hence would be unable to obtain the necessary financial aid. Who could blame them from a business standpoint? Their profits have come from the cotton growers of the South and the amount runs well into the millions which amount justly belonged to the cotton growers, should an Association of this kind been organized some time ago. They know it and we know it.

We employed the very best business talent and officials that could be had, as we soon realized we had to in order to cope with and to be recognized by the financial world. We obtained \$3,000,000 from the Little Rock banks (and offered more if we needed it), \$2,000,000 from two banks in St. Louis, \$7,500,000 from the War Finance Corporation in Washington, making a total of \$12,500,000.

This is much more than we will need, and we will not have to pay exceeding 6 per cent interest and the interest will only be paid on the amount actually used.

We do not care to be placed in the attitude of boasting but it is an admitted fact by all conservative business men that the success of the Association thus far is due largely to the splendid business methods carried out by the officials of this Association.

Every official of the Association who handles money or property either directly or indirectly is and will be amply bonded so the members need not have any uneasiness along this line.

Roy Budd, Director.
Ark. Cotton Growers Coop. Ass'n.,
District No. 19.

RIGHT KIND OF PLAY DEVELOPS CHARACTER

No Finer Test of Character of Boys and Girls Than Well Directed Games.

"Games and plays, well directed, are a large factor in the development of the lives of boys and girls," says W. J. Jernigan, state boys' and girls' club agent, in emphasizing the importance of play and recreation.

"There is no finer test of character of a boy or girl than a well directed game," Mr. Jernigan declares. "Invariably the game will bring out the good and the bad that may be within and thereby furnish the leader an excellent opportunity to curb the bad and encourage the good. Boys and girls should be taught to play the game for the 'love of the game' and not merely from a desire to win, and to look upon cheating and bad losing as an act of disgrace."

"Games and plays are good not only for boys and girls, but for older folks as well. The fact is, games, plays and singing should form a large part of the life of every community. People quit playing to early in life and grow old too soon. Let's play more, sing more, and occasionally be just boys and girls again with the other boys and girls. Try it and you'll be glad you did."

And How They Did Look!

The skirts are now quite short, but we Remember, love o' Pete:
When all the girls we used to see
Wore them about TWO FEET.

—Newark (Ohio) Advocate.

We know they used to wear long skirts
That hid their feet and swept the street;
But now they wear their skirts about
Two feet above their little feet.

Not Original, But Worth Repeating.

(Sent in by O. U. W.)

"Ma, the doctor at school says I gotta have my adenoids out," remarked Johnnie as he slammed his books on the table.

"Adenoids? Adenoids? What are those things?" asked his puzzled mother.

"I dunno, something in my head," replied Johnnie.

"You ain't got nothing in your head. You tell that fool doctor I know because I comb it out with a fine comb every day," angrily exclaimed his mother.

Maybe It's Croquet.

Football is very popular in Burma, the players wearing no footgear and kicking the ball with their bare feet. —News Item.

We do not know what kind of a game this is, but any college freshman can tell you it is not football.

INDUSTRY REVIVES DESPITE STRIKES

Increase in Number of Employed Men Shown in Federal Report.

Washington, Aug. 7.—A strong undercurrent in the direction of industrial recovery despite difficulties due to the coal and railroad strikes is noted in the monthly analysis of business conditions made public today by the United States Employment Service of the Department of Labor. The monthly reports received by the bureau show that 1,428 concerns, located in the 65 principal industrial centers, had 7,434 more employees on their pay roll on July 31 than on June 30. There were increases in 44 out of the 65 leading cities.

Of the different groups of industries the leather industry made the greatest increase in employment, adding 3,020. Food and kindred products added 3,425 workers; metals and metal products, other than iron and steel, 4,210; vehicles for land transportation, 4,955; paper and printing, 1,858; lumber, 399. These increases were more than offset by the decreases in employment in the railroad repair shops. Stone, clay and glass products showed a further decrease of 1,102. The decrease in liquor and beverages and tobacco manufactures were less than 100.

Strong Undercurrent Shown

"Throughout the country a strong undercurrent in the direction of an industrial recovery is evident, despite difficulties incident to lack of fuel and transportation," says the bureau in commenting on the reports. Evidence is found in decided increase in 10 or 14 basis industries. The iron and steel industry in some sections suffered keenly through inadequate fuel supplies, yet employment registered a material increase. A more substantial increase was shown in the metal and metal products, other than iron and steel. The most encouraging increase in employment was found in the leather industry. The decreases in liquors and beverages and tobacco manufactures are negligible and chiefly due to labor turnover. Railroad repair shop recorded the heaviest decrease. Employment in the textiles industry is continuing to improve. Lawrence, Mass., and Providence, R. I., textile centers, are leading the van of cities showing increased employment, while Paterson, N. J., Springfield, Mass., Passaic, N. J., and Fall River, Mass., New Bedford, Ct., Lowell, Mass., and Bridgeport, Ct., are among the cities showing increased employment, particularly in the textile industry.

"The increase in building operations is reflected in the employment increases in the lumber industry. In many sections of the country, the building boom continued unabated while an apparent falling off due to lack of materials is noted. Activities in the harvest fields have advanced into Nebraska, South Dakota, Minnesota, and Montana."

SENATOR DAVID I. WALSH SAYS ANY OLD DUTY GOES

It has frequently been pointed out that the Republicans have followed no set principle or policy in the framing of the pending Tariff Bill; that they have abandoned the plan heretofore adopted of basing the rates on the difference between the cost of production here and abroad, and that the pending bill is a haphazard catch-as-catch-can affair.

Senator David I. Walsh (Dem. Mass.) now tells succinctly just how the framers of the bill went about their work and how they arrived at many of the preposterous rates. It was a mere question of barter and trade—"a give-and-take proposition," as Senator Walsh calls it. He said:

"Evidently what the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. Lenroot) said this morning is becoming more and more apparent, that any Senator on either side of the Chamber who promises to vote for this bill may get whatever he wants in the way of duties upon the products in which he is interested.

"I am surprised that the Committee on Finance would, day after day, in the face of the opposition throughout the country to the pending bill, come here proposing to increase these rates. I do not know where the pressure is coming from or what the influence is, but the fact is that there has not been, to my recollection, a single amendment offered by the Committee on Finance to the agricultural schedule proposing to reduce a rate; there has not been a single amendment of the committee re-

jected; and I honestly believe that if the Senator from North Dakota had proposed to make this rate 200 per cent ad valorem (on duties) he would get a majority in this Chamber in favor of it and that it would be adopted. The committee may come with any rates they see fit and get favorable action on them.

MAN LOSES HOPE

"For ten years I suffered severely from stomach trouble. The doctors said I had cancer of the stomach and nothing would do but an operation. I took my last round of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy 2 1/2 years ago. Since then I sleep well, eat what I want and feel fine." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.

For sale by all druggists.

Thought He Meant the One He Was Smoking.

"Well, I'm at the end of my rope," groaned Hardupp, as he gazed at the bunch of bills before him.

"Thank goodness for that," exclaimed his wife, "throw the butt out of the window and air out the room."

This Date in History

4965 years ago today the world's first Congress started an investigation of the high cost of living. The investigation is still on.

Observations of Oldest Inhabitant.

I kin remember when we had to take quinine in fruit or wrapped in a little wafer instead of being able to swallow it in a tasteless pill.

It's Nerve Force from Nuxated Iron

that helps make STRONG, MAGNETIC, FORCEFUL MEN, who make their over-mastering presence felt the moment they enter a room.

NUXATED IRON

contains the principal chemical constituent of active living nerve force in a form which most nearly resembles that in the brain and nerve cells of man. It also contains a newer form of iron like the iron in your blood and like the iron in spinach, lentils and apples which enriches the blood, and plenty of rich red blood means more nerve force, so that Nuxated Iron not only feeds what might be termed artificial nerve force to the nerve cells but it stimulates the blood to manufacture a greatly increased supply of new nerve force. If you are weak, nervous or run-down, get a bottle of Nuxated Iron today, and if within two weeks' time you do not feel that it has increased your nerve force and made you feel better and stronger in every way, your money will be refunded. Sold by HESTERLY DRUG STORE and all other druggists.

"111" cigarettes



They are GOOD! 10¢

Buy this Cigarette and Save Money

Taking No Chances.

He: "Why is it that you women never are on time when you are to meet your husbands, and yet every one of you will be right on the dot when you go to the card club, and from which, by the way, neither storm, nor plague nor earthquake can keep you away?"

She: "That's the only way we can keep the other members from talking about us."

Poor Pay, At That.

"I never believe a man should work without being paid for it. That's why it always looks foolish to me for people to waste time minding other folk's business. You never get anything for it."

"Oh yes you do. You get h—l!"

WE DELIVER THE GOODS

Goods well bought are half sold. We buy right to sell right and work on the basis of rapid sales and reasonable profits.

The very best to be had in

Groceries

Flour

Feed

We both profit if you trade with us.

GEORGE CHRISTOPHER

Phone 371

THE HOT DAYS ARE RIGHT UPON US



When you will get hot, tired and thirsty. When you will crave a good cold bottle of our soda water.

It will touch the right spot and quench the thirst as nothing else will.

Visit the nearest dealer that sells our goods or keep a case at the house with a few bottles cold in the ice box.

We bottle all the popular flavors in distilled water which gives it a rich distinctive flavor.

Ward's ORANGE-CRUSH LEMON-CRUSH and LIME-CRUSH

PRESCOTT ICE CO.

Telephone 56



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AN OLD WORD WITH A NEW MEANING

Modern, Up-To-Date Store-Service means more than simply the selling of goods; it stands for increased Efficiency; it is the Acme of Value-Giving and assures Satisfaction with every purchase.

Service, in its fullest meaning, is a fixed part of our store covenant.

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